

處理即食食品的 食物安全建議 Food safety Advice for Handling Ready-to-eat Food

食物安全中心 The Centre for Food Safety 業界諮詢論壇 Trade Consultation Forum 7.12.2023





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什麼是即食食物?

What is ready-to-eat (RTE) food?









即食食品是指

- 製備後無需進一步烹煮即可 食用的食物: 例如
 - ▶ 可生食的食物: 刺食/生蠔/沙律菜
 - ▶ 預先烹煮的肉類: 如燒味和滷味
 - ▶ 提前製備的凍食: 西式甜點、預 切水果或水果製品

Ready-to-eat foods are

- foods that have been prepared so that they can be eaten without further cooking, e.g.
 - Foods that consume in raw: sashimi, oysters intended for raw consumption, salad greens
 - Pre-cooked meat : such as siu mei and lo mei
 - Food prepared ahead of time to serve cold





之 即食食品的 食安風險

Food safety risk of ready-to-eat food









即食食品的食物安全問題

- 食物可能存在食源性病原體 和「超級細菌」
- **食物煮熟後的**配製食物過程中 **受到污染**
 - ▶ 食物處理人員個人衞生欠佳。
 - ▶ 使用同一區域或設備來處理生的 食物及即食食物→交叉污染
 - > 環境衞生欠佳

Food Safety Problems with ready-to-eat foods

- Presence of food borne pathogens and "superbugs"
- Post-cooking contamination
 - Poor personal hygiene of food handlers.
 - ✓ Same area or equipment for handling of both raw and ready-to-eat foods → crosscontamination
 - ✓ Poor environmental hygiene







即食食品是如何被污染的?

食物處理人員:

- 對着食物打噴嚏
- 用不潔或受傷的手觸摸食物
- 戴手套處理垃圾和接電話後,再用同一對手套處理食物。
- 同一塊布抹過餐桌後沒有清潔消毒, 直接用來抹廚具
- 處理收銀工作後沒有洗手便送遞食物
- 使用同一把刀和同一塊砧板處理生肉和熟食

How ready-to-eat foods get contaminated?

If food handlers

- Sneezing over food
- Touching food with unclean or wounded hands
- Handling food with the same pair of gloves after handling garbage and using the phone
- Wiping kitchen utensils with the same piece of cloth after wiping tables without disinfection
- Delivering food after handling cash without washing hands
- Using the same knife and cutting board for both raw meat and cooked food





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處理即食食品 的衞生建議

Hygiene advice for handling ready-to-eat foods









個人衞生

用水和梘液徹底洗手->搓手 20 秒

- ◆ 配製即食食品前
- ◆ 戴上即棄手套前、更換手套期間 和脫下手套
- ◆ 觸摸可能被污染的物體: 清潔布、 現金、手提電話

正確使用即棄手套

- ◆ 丟棄損壞或已弄髒的手套
- ◆ 切換工作時丟棄手套



Personal Hygiene

- Rub hands with water and soap for at least 20 seconds
 - Before preparing RTE foods
 - Before wearing disposable gloves, between glove changes and after removing gloves
 - Touching potentially contaminated objects: cleaning cloths, cash, mobile phones
 - Proper use of disposable gloves
 - Discard gloves when damaged, soiled or switching tasks







環境衞生

- 定期清潔和消毒所有配製、儲存及展示即食食品的地方。
- 在獨立並經清潔和消毒的區域分開處理生食和即食食品。如無法做到這一點,則必須在轉換工作時徹底清潔並消毒所使用的表面和器具。
- **遵循**標籤上的**指示** 「使用消毒劑。

核實清潔和消毒程序 的**成效**



Environmental Hygiene

- Clean and sanitise all areas used for ready-to-eat food preparation, storage and display on a regular basis.
- If preparing both raw and readyto-eat food simultaneously, make sure this is done in separate areas which are clean and disinfected. If not, the surface and utensils used must be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected between tasks
- When using a sanitiser, follow the instructions on the label
- Verify the effectiveness of cleaning and sanitization





食物衞生

- 將即食食品與生的肉類、家禽、魚、蛋和未清洗的蔬菜完全分開
- 配製和儲存過程中,時刻蓋好即食食品
- 如非立即食用,將冷食保持在攝氏4度 或以下,並將熱食保持在攝氏60度以上
- 如要配製水果、蔬菜和沙律配料:在清潔的流動清水下徹底清洗,先清洗最清潔的蔬果
 - 如果配製即食肉類,例如燒味或滷味: 避免太早或過量

Food Hygiene

- Keep RTE foods completely separate from raw meat, poultry, fish, eggs and unwashed vegetables.
- Keep RTE foods covered at all times during preparation and storage
- If not immediately served, keep cold foods at 4°C or below, and hot foods above 60°C
- For preparing fruit, vegetables & salad ingredients: wash them thoroughly under clean running water
- If preparing RTE meats such as siu mei or lo mei : avoid prepare too far in advance or in excess_



良好衞生規範培訓

- 任何在食物業處所從事處理食物工作的員工均應在上任前接受培訓, 以確保他們熟悉工作環境,並遵守安全配製食物的規範。
- 遵守良好衞生規範有助應對食源性 病原體和「超級細菌」的問題。

Training on Good Hygiene Practices (GHPs)

- Any staff who work with food in food premises should be trained before reporting duty to ensure that they are familiar with the working environment and adhere to safe food preparation practices.
- Adherence to Good Hygiene
 Practices can help address both foodborne pathogens and "superbugs" .







食物安全五要點

5 keys to food safety



- Choose
- Clean
- Separate
- Cook
- Safe Temperature



總結

- 避免在食物製備後的處理程序 中受微生物污染,及有機會讓 微生物滋生
- 遵從良好衞生規範以免煮好的 食物受到污染
- 執行「食物安全重點控制系統」(HACCP),進一步提升食物安全,預防食物中的危害

Take-home message

- Avoid contamination and growth of microbial organism during postcooking handling procedures.
- Observe good hygiene practices to prevent food contamination
- Implement Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point (HACCP) system to enhance food safety and prevent food hazards







更多資訊

如欲了解更多資訊,可參閱食物安全中心的文件《即食食物-給食物業界的一般衛生建議》。



For more information

 For details, please refer to the CFS' document "Ready-to-eat Food – General Hygiene Advice for Food Businesses"





Ready-to-eat Food



更多資訊: 安樂查飯

特定即食食物的食物安全指引:

- > 三文治
- > 燒味
- > 滷味
- 預切水果和水果製品
- > 白切雞
- > 沙律
- > 壽司和刺身
- 用於生食的蠔





For more information: Safe Kitchen

- Trade guidelines on preparation of specific ready-to-eat foods
 - Sandwiches
 - Siu mei
 - Lo mei
 - Pre-cut fruits and fruit products
 - Poached chicken
 - Salads
 - Sushi and sashimi
 - Oysters intended for raw consumption









謝謝 Thank you

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